American IPA (All Grain)

If you are passionate about hops, you understand why our American IPA is a homebrewed favorite. Our recipe combines some of the best citrusy American hops with some crystal and aromatic malts and a clean American Ale yeast. Truly the quintessential beer for Hop Heads.

13 lb. Briess Pale *Original Gravity1.066.75 lb. Briess Crystal Malt* 20° LFinal Gravity1.019.25 lb. Dingemanns Aromatic Malt*Alcohol Content5.9%

1 oz. Magnum (Bittering) with 60 minutes left in the boil.

- .5 oz. Amarillo Hops (Flavoring 1) with 20 minutes left in the boil.
- .5 oz. Centennial Hops (Flavoring 2) with 15 minutes left in the boil.
- .5 oz. Amarillo Hops (Finishing 1) with 10 minutes left in the boil.
- .5 oz. Centennial Hops (Finishing 2) with 5 minutes left in the boil.
- 1 oz. Columbus Hops (Finishing 3) with 2 minutes left in the boil.

Wyeast #1272 American Ale II Yeast

Procedure

A *few hours before you begin to brew*, prepare your liquid yeast according to the package instructions. We assume that you are familiar with all-grain homebrewing techniques, so these procedures are abbreviated.

- 1. Mash for an hour at 152°F with a 1.25 quarts of water per pound of grain. Adjust this temperature to personal preference. Lauter and sparge as normal up to 6 gallons (adjust for your rate of boil-off).
- 2. Boil for an hour, adding hops along the schedule detailed above. Keep an eye on the pot to avoid boil-overs.
- 3. With 15 minutes left in the boil, add ½ teaspoon of Irish Moss, or 1 Whirlfloc tablet, to help clarify your beer (optional).
- 4. At the end of the boil, chill the wort as quickly as possible. A copper or stainless steel immersion chiller is a great way to accomplish this.
- 5. Make sure the wort is below 80°F before adding yeast. Take a hydrometer reading if desired. Add the yeast.
- 6. Store the fermenter where the temperature will be a fairly constant 65° 70°F. Active fermentation may take only a few days, or it can last up to 2 weeks. A hydrometer reading is a great way to determine when the fermentation is done. Keep the beer in the primary fermenter until active fermentation is complete (no signs of active fermentation for the last 2 to 3 days).
- 7. When ready to bottle, siphon the beer into your sanitized bottling bucket, leaving sediment behind. Boil the priming sugar in 1-2 cups of water for a few minutes, gently stir into the beer, and bottle as usual.

For Store Use, Not part of instructions; Hops-1 oz Magnum, 1 oz Ma

^{*} The malted grains are all **crushed together** in the clear plastic bag.